Eating Well

Your child should start drinking low fat (1/2%, 1%) or fat free (skim) milk. Drinks should be offered in open cups or straw cups for speech development.

Serve milk with meals and water between meals. Avoid sugary drinks such as soda pop, sports drinks and punch. This can lead to cavities and weight gain. Children do not need juice.

Enjoy meals together at a table without electronic devices.

Family meals are associated with less likely to be overweight, fewer fried foods, less soda, more fruits and vegetables, better grades and less likely to be involved in drugs and alcohol as teenagers.

Serve the same foods to the entire family. Serve both not-yet-liked with liked foods. Do not make special food or meals for your child.

Kitchen is closed other than for planned meals and snacks except for water. Do not let children graze on food and drink all day.

Meals should include a variety of healthy foods from all the food groups.

Your child’s appetite will change from day to day, eating small amounts one day and more the next.

As the parent, you choose where, what and when your child eats. Allow your child to choose how much or if they will eat.

Keep meal times pleasant, avoid power struggles with your child about food.

Snacks is a time, not a food group. Planned snacks should include healthy foods from two food groups at least 1.5-2 hours before meals, served in a designated place.

Do not let your child eat in the car (choking hazard) or when watching TV (distraction).

Do not use food as reward, comfort or entertainment. Do not force your child to clean their plate. These can lead to unhealthy habits later in life.

If your child is in day care or with family, make sure they are consistent with your healthy eating routines.

Be a good role model and eat healthy too. Your child watches how you eat and will model it in time.

Brush your child’s teeth with a small, soft toothbrush and pea-sized amount of fluorinated toothpaste twice a day.
**Eating Well** continued

**Sample Meal Pattern**

| **BREAKFAST** | 1 ounce Grain; ½ cup Milk; ½ ounce Protein |
| **SNACK**   | ½ cup Fruit; ½ cup Other Dairy            |
| **LUNCH**  | 1 ounce Grain; ¼ cup Vegetable; ½ ounce Protein; ½ cup Milk |
| **SNACK**  | ¼ cup Vegetable, ½ cup Fruit              |
| **DINNER** | 1 ounce Grain; ½ cup Vegetable; 1 ounce Protein; ½ cup Milk |

**Offer 3 healthy meals and 2 healthy snacks at about the same time each day!**

**Dairy:** 2 cups a day.
1 cup = 1 cup milk or other dairy: 1 cup yogurt and ½ ounces of cheese.

**Vegetables:** 1 cup total.
Fresh, frozen, or canned vegetables throughout the day.

**Fruits:** 1 cup total.
Fresh, frozen, or no sugar added canned throughout the day.

**Whole Grains:** 3 ounces a day.
Bread, cereal, rice and pasta.
1 ounce = 1 slice of bread, ½ bun or mini bagel, 1 cup dried cereal, ½ cup cooked cereal, rice or pasta.

**Protein:** 2 ounces a day.
Meat, poultry, fish, eggs, beans and nuts.
1 ounce = 1 ounce of meat, poultry or fish, 1 egg, ¼ cup cooked beans (pinto, kidney, black, lima, etc.), 1 tablespoon peanut butter or ½ ounce of chopped nuts and seeds.

**Sleep**

Children should sleep 12-14 hours in a 24 hour period, including naps of one to three hours.

**Children enjoy imitating.** Try playing doctor, making dinner or care giving with a doll.

By limiting time in the stroller, your child will get more activity by walking on their own.

**Your child can learn to pedal a 3-wheel bike and walk up and down stairs.**

**Turn off TV during meal time.**

**Limit screen time to less than 2 hours each day.** Includes; computer, TV, iPads™ and video games.
Include your child on a family scavenger hunt.

**Play games, dance and sing with your child.**

**Give your child choices between two good things,** for example; blocks or balls.

**Movement is important for healthy brain development.** Encourage your child to move every hour. Be active with them.

Encourage toys that include pounding and stacking, for example, tool sets and blocks.

**Children should have 30 minutes of structured activity (adult led) and 60 minutes-to several hours of free play every day.**

**Children enjoy imitating.** Try playing doctor, making dinner or care giving with a doll.

By limiting time in the stroller, your child will get more activity by walking on their own.

**Note:** All recommendations are based on current research as of January 2015. Produced by We Are for Children, Grand Rapids, MI.